CLAIMS

We claim:

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- 1. A host cell comprising a genome, said genome comprising a gene encoding a transdominant negative mutant of the BLV Rex protein.
 - 2. The host cell of Claim 1, wherein said genome is a bovine genome.
- 3. A nucleic acid encoding a transdominant negative mutant of a BLV Rex protein.
 - 4. The nucleic acid of claim 3, wherein said nucleic acid is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 5 and sequences that hybridize to SEQ ID NO: 7.
 - 5. The nucleic acid of Claim 3, further comprising vector sequences.
 - 6. A vector comprising a promoter operably linked to a nucleic acid encoding a transdominant negative mutant of a BLV Rex protein.
- 7. The vector of Claim 6, wherein said nucleic acid encoding a transdominant
 20 negative mutant of a BLV Rex protein is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID
 NO: 5 and sequences that hybridize to SEQ ID NO: 5 under low stringency conditions.
 - 8. The vector of Claim 6, wherein said vector is a retroviral vector.
- 25 9. The vector of Claim 8, wherein said retroviral vector is a pseudotyped retroviral vector.
 - 10. The vector of Claim 8, further comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a cell surface antigen.

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- 11. The vector of Claim 10, wherein said sequence encoding a cell surface antigen is arranged in a polycistronic sequence with said nucleic acid encoding a transdominant negative mutant of a BLV Rex protein.
- 5 12. The vector of Claim 6, wherein said promoter is a BLV U3 promoter.
 - 13. The vector of Claim 11, wherein transcription of said polycistronic sequence is driven by the BLV U3 promoter.
- 14. A host cell comprising a genome, said genome comprising a gene encoding a transdominant negative mutant of the BLV Rex protein, wherein said transdominant negative mutation comprises a mutation in the C-terminal from amino acids 110-137.
- 15. The host cell of Claim 14, wherein said mutations in said C-terminal domain are from amino acids 115-125.
 - 16. The host cell of Claim 14, wherein said mutations in said C-terminal domain are from amino acids 119-120.
- 20 17. The host cell of Claim 14, wherein said mutations are substitution mutations.
 - 18. The host cell of Claim 14, wherein said transdominant negative mutant of the BLV Rex gene encodes a protein that inhibits BLV replication.
- 25 19. A nucleic acid encoding a transdominant negative mutant of a BLV Rex protein, wherein the protein encoded by said nucleic acid inhibits the replication of BLV and wherein said transdominant negative mutation comprises a mutation in the C-terminal from amino acids 110-137.
- The nucleic of Claim 19, wherein said mutations in said C-terminal domain are from amino acids 115-125.

- 21. The host cell of Claim 19, wherein said mutations in said C-terminal domain are from amino acids 119-120.
- The nucleic acid of Claim 19, wherein said nucleic acid is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 5 and sequences that hybridize to SEQ ID NO: 7 under low stringency conditions, wherein said nucleic acids encode a protein that inhibits BLV replication.
- 10 23. A transgenic bovine comprising the nucleic acid sequence of Claim 19.
 - 24. A vector comprising a promoter operably linked to a nucleic acid encoding a transdominant negative mutant of a BLV Rex protein, wherein said transdominant negative mutation comprises a mutation in the C-terminal from amino acids 110-137.

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- 25. The vector of Claim 24, wherein said mutations in said C-terminal domain are from amino acids 115-125.
- 26. The vector of Claim 24, wherein said mutations in said C-terminal domain are from amino acids 119-120.
 - 27. The vector of Claim 24, wherein said nucleic acid encoding a transdominant negative mutant of a BLV Rex protein is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO: 5 and sequences that hybridize to SEQ ID NO: 5 under low stringency conditions, wherein said nucleic acids encode a protein that inhibits BLV replication.
 - 28. The vector of Claim 24, wherein said vector is a retroviral vector.
- 29. The vector of Claim 28, wherein said retroviral vector is a pseudotyped retroviral vector.